Bishop Wood Junior School – Computing Curriculum

For further details see Purple Mash Curriculum planning.

<u>Year</u>	Area of Study	<u>Key Skills</u>	<u>Knowledge</u>	<u>Vocabulary</u>
Group				
Year 3	3.1 Coding	 Use 2Chart to represent a sequential program design. Use the design to write the code for the program Design and write a program that simulates a physical system. Use the 'if' command. Combine a timer in a program with selection. Use a variable to create a timer Create a program with an object that repeats actions indefinitely. Use a timer to make characters repeat actions. 	 To understand what a flow chart is and how they are used in computer programming. To create a program that uses a timer. To use the repeat command. To run, test and debug simple programs. To design and create an interactive scene. 	Action, Algorithm, Background, Bug, Button, Code, Collision, Command, Debug, Event, Flowchart, Implement, Input, Interval, Nest, Object, Predict, Properties, Repeat, Run, Scene, Sequence.
	3.2 Online Safety	 Make a safe password and keep passwords safe Understand how the Internet can be used to help us to communicate effectively. Understand how a blog can be used to help us communicate with a wider audience. Identify some 'spoof' websites. Check that the information is accurate. To discuss why PEGI restrictions exist. 	 To know the importance of a safe password. To consider if what can be read on websites is always true. To learn about age restrictions and discuss why PEGI restrictions exist. 	Appropriate, Blog, inappropriate, Internet, Password, Personal information, Permission, Reliable Source, Spoof, verify, Vlogs, Website.

3.3 Spreadsheets	 To know where to turn for help if they see inappropriate content or have inappropriate contact from others. Add and edit in a spreadsheet Create pie charts and bar graphs. Use the 'more than', 'less than' and 'equals' tools. Use coordinates in advanced mode. 	 To create a table of data on a spreadsheet To compare different numbers to find solutions to calculations. To describe cells using their addresses 	Advanced Mode, Bar Graph, Cell Address, Data, Equals, Less than, More than, Equal to, Pie chart, Quiz tool, Spinner tool, Table.
3.4 Touch- typing	 To introduce typing terminology. To learn how to use the home, top and bottom row keys. Keys typed with the left hand. Keys typed with the right hand. 	 To understand the correct way to sit at the keyboard. To touch type the home, bottom and top rows To practise and improve touch typing To use two hands to type the letters on the keyboard 	Keys, Posture, Space Bar, Typing.
3.5 Email	 List a range of different ways to communicate. Open and respond to an email. Use email safely. Add an attachment to an email. 	 To think about the different methods of communication To write an email to someone, using an address book. To write rules about how to stay safe using email. To learn how to use email safely. To add an attachment to an email. To explore a simulated email scenario. 	Address book, Attachment, BCC (Blind Carbon Copy) communication, Compose, Email, Inbox, Link, Node, Password, Personal Information, Save to draft, Trusted contact.
3.6 Branching Databases	Use Yes/ no questioning.	To sort objects using just YES/NO questions.	Binary Tree, Branching database, Data, Database, Debugging.

3.7 Simulations	 Explain why particular questions are used. Edit and adapt branching databases Use 'or more' and 'or less' questioning. Give examples of simulations Suggest advantages and problems of simulations. Use a simulation to try out different options and to test predictions. 	 To complete a branching database To know how to use and debug their own and others branching databases. To know what a simulation is and understand the purpose of simulations. To explore simulation, making choices and discussing their effects. To recognise patterns within simulations 	Advantages, Analysis, Decision, Disadvantages, Evaluation, Modelling, Point-of-view, Realistic, Simulation, Solution, Unrealistic.
3.8 Graphing	 Set up a graph with a given number of fields. Enter data for a graph. Produce and share graphs made on the computer. Present results in a range of graphical formats. 	 To enter data into a graph and answer questions. To solve an investigation and present the results in graphic form. 	Axis, Chart, Column, data, Graph, Investigation, Row, Sorting, Survey, Tally chart, Title.
3.9 Presenting with google slides	 Open Google Slides Add text and format it Change the design of the slides Insert new slide Insert pictures to slides Add shapes and lines to slides Add animations and transitions Adding in timings to a presentation 	 To create a page in a presentation To add in media to a presentation To add shapes and lines to a presentation To add animations to a presentation To design and present an effective presentation 	Animation, Audio, duration, editing, Fill colour, Font formatting, Layer, Media, Presentation, Preview, Review, Slide, Slideshow, Sound effect, Textbox, theme, Timing, transition, Video, WordArt.

Year 4 4.1 Coo	 Ose a sketch of storyboard to represent a program design and algorithm. Use the If/else statement Create a variable. Explore a flowchart design for a program with an if/else statement To create a program which responds to the If/else command, using the value 	 To create a simple computer program To understand how an if statement works To understand how to use coordinates in computer programming To understand how an IF/ELSE statement works. To create and use variables To create a playable game 	Code blocks, Co-ordinates, Design, Execute, If/Else Statements, Implement, Predict, Repeat until, Properties, Selection, Variable
	 of the variable Use repeat and repeat until actions. Program a character to respond to user keyboard input. 		

4.2 Online Safety	 Make timers and counting machines using variables to print a new number to the screen every second. Understand how children can protect themselves from online identity theft. Identify the risks and benefits of installing software including apps. Understand that copying the work of others and presenting it as their own is called 'plagiarism' and to consider the consequences of plagiarism. Identify appropriate behaviour when participating or contributing to collaborative online projects for learning. Identify the positive and negative influences of technology on health and the environment. Understand the importance of balancing game and screen time with other parts of their lives. 	 To understand that information put online leaves a digital footprint or trail and that this can aid identity theft. To identify the risks and benefits of installing software. To consider the consequences of plagiarism. To identify the positive and negative influences of technology on health and the environment. 	Adfly, Attachment, Citation, Collaborative database, Cookies, Copyright, Data analysis, Digital footprint, Malware, Phishing, Plagiarism, Ransomware, Report, SMART rules, Software, Virus, Watermark.
4.3 Spreadsheets	 Use the formula wizard in the advanced mode to add formulae and explore formatting cells Explore Place Value with a spreadsheet Use timer button Use spin button Use Random number button Create and interpret line graphs 	 To add formula to a cell to make an automatic calculation To combine tools to make fun ways to explore number To interpret a line graph to estimate values between data readings. To use a spreadsheet to help plan actions. To allocate values to images and use these to explore place value. 	Average, Budget, Calculations, Chart, Decimal place, Format Cell, Formula Wizard, Line Graph, Percentage, Place Value, Random number tool, Resize, Row, Set image, Timer.

4.4. Writing for Different Audiences	 Allocate values to images Use currency formatting Use text formatting Explain how font size and type are different depending on the purpose of text. Interpret a variety of incoming communications. Roleplay the job of a journalist in a newsroom. Mind map ideas on 2Connect 	 To explore how font size and style can affect the impact of a text. To use a simulated scenario to produce a news report. To use a simulated scenario to write for a community campaign. 	Campaign, Format, font, Genre, Opinion, reporter, viewpoint.
4.5 Logo	 Learn the language of Logo: PU, PD commands. To input simple instructions on Logo. Use Logo to create letters. Use the 'Repeat' function in Logo to create shapes. Use the 'Build' feature in Logo. 	 To input simple instructions in 2Logo. To use 2Logo to create letter shapes. To create shapes using the repeat command To use the procedure feature. 	Debugging, Grid, Logo, Logo Commands, Multi Line Mode, Pendown, Pen up, Prediction, Procedure, Repeat, Run speed, SETPC, SETPS.
4.6 Animation	 Identify features of good animated films and cartoons. Learn how animations are created by hand. Onion skinning in animation. Add backgrounds and sounds to animations. Introduction to stop motion animation. 	 To learn how animations are created by hand. To add backgrounds and sounds to animations. To share and blog animations. 	Animation, FPS (Frame per second), Frame, Onion skinning, Pause, Stop motion.

4.7 Effective Searching	 Structure search queries Analyse contents of a web page. Find clues about the credibility of information. 	 To locate information on the search results page. To use search effectively to find out information. To assess whether an information source is true and reliable. 	Balanced view, Easter eggs, Internet, Keywords, Reliability, results page, Search engine.
4.8 Hardware investigators	 Understand the different parts that make up a computer. Recall the different parts that make up a computer. 	 To name the different parts that make up a desktop computer. To describe the function of the different parts of a desktop computer. 	Components, CPU, graphics card, Hard drive, Hardware, Input, Motherboard, Network Card, Output, Peripherals, RAM, Software.
4.9 Making Music	 Explore Pulse, Rhythm, Tempo, Pitch, Texture. Create a melodic phrase. Use musical language to talk about a piece of music. Identify sounds in a piece of music. Explain how a piece of music makes them feel. Identify and recall a simple rhythm. Create their own simple rhythm using Busy Beats. Create a simple melodic pattern using 2sequence and Busy Beats. Use a variety of notes, experimenting with pitch. 	 To identify and discuss the main elements of music. To experiment with rhythm and tempo To create a melodic phrase. To compose a piece of electronic music. 	BPM, Dynamics, Harmonious, Melody, Pitch, Pulse, Rhythm, Tempo, texture, Synths.
4.10 Artificial Intelligence	 Identify examples of artificial intelligence. 	To understand the basic concept of artificial intelligence	

			 To explore how artificial intelligence can assist and benefit us in various aspects of daily life. To understand the potential applications and impact of AI in the future. To use artificial intelligence to create music and art. 	
Year 5	5.1 Coding	 Review coding vocabulary. Use a sketch or storyboard to represent a program design and algorithm. Explore text variables. Combine the use of variables, If/else statements and Repeats to achieve the desired effect in code. Set/change the variable values appropriately. Create a game which has a timer and score pad. Use variables to control the objects in the game. Create loops using the timer and If/else statements. Include buttons and objects that launch windows to websites and programs. Code a program that informs others. 	 To begin to be able to simplify code. To understand what simulation is. To use decomposition to make a plan of a real life situation. To begin to understand what a function is and how functions work in code. To understand what the different variable types are and how they are used differently. To use strings to produce a range of outputs. 	Abstraction, Concatenation, Decomposition, Efficient, Event, Friction, Function, Output, Physical system, Predict, Print to screen Simplify, Simulation, String, Value.
	5.2 Online Safety	Review sources of support when using technology.	 To review children's responsibility to one another in their online behaviour. 	Avatar, Bibliography, Communication, Creative commons licence, Critical thinking, Encrypt, Identity theft, Image manipulation, Ownership,

	 Know how to maintain secure passwords. Reference sources in their work. Check validity and understand the impact of incorrect information. Know what Childnet SMART CREW is and have thought critically about the information that they share online both about themselves and others. Know who to tell if they are upset by something that happens online. Use the SMART rules as a source of guidance when online. 	 To be aware of appropriate and inappropriate text, photographs and videos and the impact of sharing these online. To learn about how to reference sources in their work. To learn about ensuring reliability through using different methods of communication. 	Password, PEGI ratings, Personal information, Reference, Reliability, Responsibility, Screen shot, Validity.
5.3 Spreadsheets	 Use of the count tool. Formulae including the advanced mode. Using text variables to perform calculations. Create a formula in a spreadsheet to convert measurements. Use a spreadsheet to work out which letters appear most often. Use the 'how many' tool. Use a spreadsheet to work out the area and perimeter of rectangles. Create simple formulae that use different variables. Create a formula that will work out how many days there are in x number of weeks or years. 	 To use formulae within a spreadsheet to convert measurements of length and distance. To use the count tool to answer hypotheses about common letters in use. To use a spreadsheet to model a real-life problem. To create formulae that use text variables. To use a spreadsheet to help plan a school cake sale. 	Area, Computational Model, Formula Bar, How many?, Perimeter, Profit, Spreadsheet, Totalling tool, Variable.

5.4 Databases	 Search a database in order to answer questions correctly Design an avatar for a class database. Enter information into a class database. Add records to their database. Correctly add field information. Word questions so that they can be effectively answered using a search of their database. 	 To learn how to search for information on a database. To contribute to a class database. To create a database around a chosen topic. 	Arrange, Avatar, Field, Group, Record, Search, Sort, Statistics.
5.5 Game Creator	 Set the scene. Create the game quest. Review and analyse a computer game. Describe some of the elements that make a successful game. Design the setting for their game so that it fits with the selected theme. Upload images or use the drawing tools to create the walls, floor and roof. Design characters for their game. Write informative instructions for their game so that other people can play it. 	 To begin planning a game. To design the game environment. To design the game quest to make it a playable game. To finish and share the game. To self and peer evaluate. 	Evaluation, Feedback, Image, Instructions, Promotion, Quest Scene, Screenshot, Texture, Theme.
5.6 3D Modelling	 Design for a purpose. Explore the different viewpoints in 2Design and Make whilst designing a building. 	 To be introduced to the 2Design and Make tool. To explore the effect of moving points when designing. To design a 3D model to fit a certain criteria. To refine and print a model. 	2D, 3D, 3D printing, CAD- Computer Aided Design, Desig brief, Net, Pattern fill, Points, Template.

5.7 Concept Maps	 Adapt one of the vehicle models by moving the points to alter the shape of the vehicle while still maintaining its form. Explore how to edit the polygon 3D models to design a 3D model for a purpose. Use the correct vocabulary when creating a concept map. Understand what is meant by 'concept maps', 'stage', 'nodes' and 'connections'. Use 2Connect Story Mode to create an informative text. Use 2Connect collaboratively to create a concept map. Use Presentation Mode to present 	 To understand the need for visual representation when generating and discussing complex ideas. To create a concept map. To understand how a concept map can be used to retell stories and information. To create a collaborative concept map and present this to an audience. 	Concept, Concept map, Connection, Collaborative, Heading, Sub- heading, node, Presentation mode, Story mode.
5.8 Word processing (Google Docs)	 their concept maps to an audience. Make a document from a blank page Insert Images: Considering Copyright Editing Images in Google Docs. Presenting information using tables Use the correct way to search for images that they are permitted to reuse. Know how to attribute the original artist of an image. Understand wrapping of images and text. 	 To know what a word processing tool is for. To add images to a document and edit. To know how to use word wrap with images and text. To change the look of text within a document. To add features to a document to enhance its look and usability. To use sharing capabilities in Google docs. 	Attributing, Bulleted lists, Breaks, Copyright, Creative Commons, Cropping, Cursor, Distributing Columns, Editor, Font, Grammar check, Hyperlink, Image editing, Image Transparency, Numbered Lists, Page Orientation, readability, Selecting/highlighting, Styles, Template, TextBox, Text formatting, Zoom.

	Use bullet points and numbering.	
	Add text boxes and shapes.	
	Consider paragraph formatting such as line spacing, drop capitals.	
	Use page breaks, headers and footers.	
	Add hyperlinks to places in the document and to an external website.	
	Add an automated contents page.	
	Add tables to present information.	
	Edit properties of tables including borders, colours, merging cells, adding and removing rows and columns.	

Year 6	6.1 Coding	 Design programs using a choice of objects. Use variables within a game to keep track of the properties of objects. Use functions Organise code into tabs. Organise code into functions and Call functions to eliminate surplus code in the program. Use flowcharts to test and debug a program. Debug when things do not run as expected. Code programs that take text input from the user and use this in the program. Attribute variables to user input. Code for all possibilities when using user input. Create flowcharts for algorithms. 	 To design a playable game with a timer and a score. To plan and use selection and variables. To use functions and understand why they are useful. To create a simulation of a room in which devices can be controlled. To understand how user input can be used in a program. To understand how 2Code can be used to make a text-based adventure game. 	Launch command, Timer, Turtle object, X and Y properties.
	6.2 Online Safety	 Create flowcharts for algorithms. A clear idea of appropriate online behaviour and how this can protect themselves and others from possible online dangers, bullying and inappropriate behaviour. Awareness of risks online including sharing location, secure websites, spoof websites, phishing and other email scams. 	 To identify benefits and risks of mobile devices broadcasting the location of the user/device, e.g., apps accessing location. To review the meaning of a digital footprint and understand how and why people use their information and online presence to create a virtual image of themselves as a user. To identify the positive and negative influences of technology on health and the environment. 	Inappropriate, Location sharing, Print Screen, Screen Time, Secure Websites.

	 Understanding of the steps they can take to protect themselves including protecting their digital footprint, where to go for help, smart rules and security software. 		
	 Understand how what they share impacts upon themselves and upon others in the long-term. 		
	 Know about the consequences of promoting inappropriate content online and how to put a stop to such behaviour when they experience it or witness it as a bystander. 		
	Take more informed ownership of the way that they choose to use their free time.		
	 Recognise a need to find a balance between being active and digital activities. 		
	Give reasons for limiting screen time.		
	 Talk about the positives and negative aspects of technology and balance these opposing views. 		
6.3 Spreadsheets	Exploring Probability using dice tool	 To use a spreadsheet to investigate the probability of the results of throwing many dice. To use a spreadsheet to calculate the discount and final prices in a sale. Create a formula to help work out the prices of items in the sale. To use a spreadsheet to plan how to spend pocket money and the effect of saving money. 	Dice Tool, Expense, , Formula Wizard, Move Cell Tool, Set image.
Spreadsfreets	Create a computational model		
	 Create a spreadsheet to answer a mathematical question relating to probability. 		
	Problem solve using the count tool.	To use a spreadsheet to plan a school charity day to maximise the money donated to charity.	

6.4 Blogging	 Create a machine to help work out the price of different items in a sale. Use the formula wizard to create formulae. Use a spreadsheet to solve a problem. Use a spreadsheet to model a real-life situation and come up with solutions. Use a spreadsheet to model a real-life situation and come up with solutions that can be applied to real life. Plan the theme and content for a blog. Consider the effect upon the audience of changing the visual properties of the blog. Contribute to an existing blog. Peer-assess blogs against the agreed success criteria. Identify the key features of a blog. Create a blog with a specific purpose. Post comments and blog posts to an existing class blog. Comment on and respond to other blogs. 	•	To identify the purpose and features of a blog. To plan the theme and content for a blog. To consider the effect upon the audience of changing the visual properties of the blog. To understand the importance of commenting on blogs.	Approval, Archive, Blog, Blog Post, Collaborate, Commenting, Connections, Nodes, Vlog.
6.5 Text adventures	 Plan a story adventure. Map out a story-based adventure. Code a map-based text adventure. Use the full functionality of 2Create a Story Adventure mode to create, test and debug using their plan. 	•	To find out what a text-based adventure game is and explore examples. To use 2Connect to plan an adventure story. To make a story-based adventure game. To read and understand given code for a text adventure game. To debug a text adventure.	Function, Link, QR Code, Sprite, Selection.

	 Contrast a map-based game with a sequential story-based game. Use coding concepts of functions, two-way selection (if/else statements) and repetition in conjunction with one another to code their game. Make logical attempts to debug their code when it does not work correctly. 		
6.6 Networks	 Know what a LAN and a WAN are. Know the difference between the World Wide Web and the internet. Know about the school network. Identify some of the major changes in technology which have taken place during their lifetime and the lifetime of their teacher/another adult. 	 To know the difference between the World Wide Web and the Internet. To find out how we access the internet in school. To research and find out about the age of the internet. 	DNS, Ethernet, Hosting, Hub/Switch, Internet, IP address, ISP, LAN, Network, Router, Search engine, WAN, Web Page, Web Server, Website, WLAN, Wi-fi, WWW.
6.7 Quizzing	 Use the different question types within 2Quiz. Use the 2DIY activities to create a picture based quiz. Use the different types of Text Toolkit grammar games. Choose an appropriate Text Toolkit tool to make their own grammar game. 	 To create a picture-based quiz for young children. To learn how to use the question types within 2Quiz. To use appropriate tools to make grammar games. To make a quiz that requires the player to search a database. To create a quiz based on a curriculum area. 	Audience, clone, Cloze, Selfie, Statistics.
6.8 Understandin g Binary	 Count in binary Convert numbers to binary Use a variable set to 0 or 1 to control game states. 	 To examine how whole numbers are used as the basis for representing all types of data in digital systems. To represent whole numbers in binary. To convert from decimal to binary. To use binary values to represent the state of an object ina game. 	Binary, bit, Decimal, Denary, Digit, Game States, Integer, Microprocessor, Nanotechnology, Nibble, Byte, Kilobyte, Megabyte, Gigabyte, Tetrabyte, Switch, Transistor, Variable.